HUNGE

<u>FAITH & FACTS</u>

ECONOMIC JUSTICE

What does the Bible say?

Is not this the fast that I choose: to loose the bonds of injustice, to undo the thongs of the yoke, to let the oppressed go free, and to break every yoke? Is it not to share your bread with the hungry, and bring the homeless poor into your house; when you see the naked, to cover them, and not to hide yourself from your own kin? Then your light shall break forth like the dawn, and your healing shall spring up quickly; your vindicator shall go before you, the glory of the Lord shall be your rear guard. (Isaiah 58:6-8)

God has brought down the powerful from their thrones, and lifted up the lowly; God has filled the hungry with good things, and sent the rich away empty. (Luke 1:52-53)

Lord, when was it that we saw you hungry and gave you food, or thirsty and gave you something to drink?...Truly I tell you, just as you did it to one of the least of these who are members of my family, you did it to me. (Matthew 25:37-40)

What does The United Methodist Church say?

Today is the day God cries with the masses of starving people, despises growing disparity between rich and poor, demands justice for workers in the marketplace.

And so shall we.

(Companion Litany to the Social Creed)

In order to provide basic needs such as food, shelter, education, health care and other necessities, ways must be found to share more equitably the resources of the world. (Social Principles ¶163.E)

It is especially important to note that the causes of hunger are intricately related to the problems of poverty and greed. Hunger cannot be dissociated from people and systems that keep people in poverty. (2016 Book of Resolutions, #4051, "The United Methodist Church, Food, Justice and World Hunger")

As a church, we are called to support the poor and challenge the rich. To begin to alleviate poverty, we support such policies as: adequate income maintenance, quality education, decent housing, job training, meaningful employment opportunities, adequate medical and hospital care, humanization and radical revisions of welfare programs, work for peace and efforts to protect creation's integrity. (Social Principles, ¶163.E)





CHURCH & SOCIETY

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What do the facts say?

 In 2020, 37.2 million men, women, and children were living in poverty - over 11 percent of the US population. (US Census Bureau)



- The poverty rate among African American and American Indian children (Census Bureau categorizations) was 31% and 30% higher than that of White children.
- Nearly 15% of households with children did not have the resources to buy sufficient food for their families. (Food Research Action Center)
- Food insecurity varies by state with rates ranging from a low of 5.7% in New Hampshire to a high of 15.3% in Mississippi. (Food Research Action Center)
- Over 41 million U.S residents receive benefits from the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP). (USDA)

What do you say?

Take ACTION for justice...

- Learn about hunger and poverty in your area visit the Food Research Action Center (frac.org) or the Coalition on Human Needs (chn.org) for updated information and educational opportunities.
- Discuss with your church and conference leadership ways you can expand justice ministries to tackle the root causes of hunger and poverty.
- Speak truth to power! Tell Congress to put those living on the economic margins at the center of our vision of a new just economy. Take action at www.umcjustice.org.

General Board of Church and Society